

Rules of the House of Representatives. The Office shall have not more than five employees—

- (1) who shall be appointed by the Speaker, in consultation with the minority leader; and
- (2) whose annual rate of pay shall be established by the Speaker, but may not exceed 75 percent of the maximum annual rate under the general limitation specified by the order of the Speaker in effect under section 60a-2a of this title.

(Pub. L. 105-55, title I, § 101, Oct. 7, 1997, 111 Stat. 1183.)

CODIFICATION

Section is based on House Resolution No. 7, One Hundred Fifth Congress, Jan. 7, 1997, which was enacted into permanent law by Pub. L. 105-55.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 74d-1 of this title.

§ 74d-1. Lump sum allowance for Corrections Calendar Office

There shall be a lump sum allowance of \$300,000 per fiscal year for the salaries and expenses of the Corrections Calendar Office, established by section 74d of this title. Such amount shall be allocated between the majority party and the minority party as determined by the Speaker, in consultation with the minority leader.

(Pub. L. 105-55, title I, § 101, Oct. 7, 1997, 111 Stat. 1183.)

CODIFICATION

Section is based on section 1 of House Resolution No. 130, One Hundred Fifth Congress, Apr. 24, 1997, which was enacted into permanent law by Pub. L. 105-55.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 74d-2 of this title.

§ 74d-2. Effective date

The allowance under section 74d-1 of this title—

- (1) shall be available beginning with the month of May 1997;
- (2) through the end of September 1997, shall be paid from the applicable accounts of the House of Representatives on a pro rata basis; and
- (3) beginning with fiscal year 1998, shall be paid as provided in appropriations Acts.

(Pub. L. 105-55, title I, § 101, Oct. 7, 1997, 111 Stat. 1183.)

CODIFICATION

Section is based on section 2 of House Resolution No. 130, One Hundred Fifth Congress, Apr. 24, 1997, which was enacted into permanent law by Pub. L. 105-55.

§ 75. Repealed. Pub. L. 92-310, title II, § 220(b), (c), June 6, 1972, 86 Stat. 204

Section, R.S. §§ 58, 59; act Mar. 2, 1895, ch. 177, § 5, 28 Stat. 807, required Clerk of House of Representatives to give a bond in the sum of \$20,000.

§ 75-1. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-186, title II, § 204(22)(A)(iii), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1733

Section, based on H. Res. No. 8, par. (3), Ninety-fifth Congress, Jan. 4, 1977, enacted into permanent law by

Pub. L. 95-94, title I, § 115, Aug. 5, 1977, 91 Stat. 668, related to compensation of Clerk of House.

A prior section 75-1, based on H. Res. No. 890, Ninety-second Congress, Oct. 4, 1972, enacted into permanent law by Pub. L. 92-607, ch. V, § 508, Oct. 31, 1972, 86 Stat. 1509, set forth the compensation of the Clerk at equal to the annual rate of basic pay fixed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

§ 75a. Death, resignation, etc., of Chief Administrative Officer of House; accounts and payments; liability of Chief Administrative Officer for acts and defaults of disbursing clerk

On and after June 8, 1942, in case of the death, resignation, separation from office, or disability of the Chief Administrative Officer of the House of Representatives, the accounts of the Chief Administrative Officer may be continued and payments made in his name by the disbursing clerk of the House of Representatives for a period extending not beyond the quarterly period during which a new Chief Administrative Officer shall have been appointed. Such accounts and payments shall be allowed and settled in the General Accounting Office, and the checks signed in the name of the former Chief Administrative Officer shall be honored by the Treasurer of the United States, in the same manner as if the former Chief Administrative Officer had continued in office. The former Chief Administrative Officer or his estate shall not be subject to any legal liability or penalty for the official acts and defaults of such disbursing clerk acting in the name or in the place of the former Chief Administrative Officer under this section, but such disbursing clerk shall be responsible therefor. The accounts and payments referred to in the second sentence shall be audited by the Inspector General of the House of Representatives.

(June 8, 1942, ch. 396, § 7, 56 Stat. 350; Pub. L. 92-310, title II, § 220(i), June 6, 1972, 86 Stat. 205; Pub. L. 104-186, title II, § 204(19), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1732.)

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-186, § 204(19)(A), in first sentence, substituted “Chief Administrative Officer of the House of Representatives, the accounts of the Chief Administrative Officer” for “Clerk of the House of Representatives, the accounts of such Clerk” and “new Chief Administrative Officer shall have been appointed” for “new Clerk of the House of Representatives shall have been elected and qualified”.

Pub. L. 104-186, § 204(19)(B), in second sentence, struck out “, audited,” after “shall be allowed” and substituted “name of the former Chief Administrative Officer” for “name of the former Clerk of the House of Representatives” and “the former Chief Administrative Officer” for “such former Clerk”.

Pub. L. 104-186, § 204(19)(C), in third sentence, substituted “The former Chief Administrative Officer” for “The former Clerk” and “the former Chief Administrative Officer” for “such former Clerk”.

Pub. L. 104-186, § 204(19)(D), inserted at end “The accounts and payments referred to in the second sentence shall be audited by the Inspector General of the House of Representatives.”

1972—Pub. L. 92-310 struck out provisions which related to the sureties on the bond of the former clerk, and which required the disbursing clerk to give a bond.

CROSS REFERENCES

Secretary of Senate, death, resignation, or disability, see section 64a of this title.