

penses, Architect of the Capitol” and any funds appropriated under this head shall hereafter be available for such purpose.

(Pub. L. 93-180, §2, Dec. 13, 1973, 87 Stat. 705.)

§ 166f. Funds out of Capitol Buildings, Architect of Capitol

On and after October 18, 1986, the Architect of the Capitol may incur expenses authorized by section 166d of this title to be paid from the appropriation “Capitol Buildings, Architect of the Capitol”.

(Pub. L. 99-500, §101(j), Oct. 18, 1986, 100 Stat. 1783-287, and Pub. L. 99-591, §101(j), Oct. 30, 1986, 100 Stat. 3341-287, as amended Pub. L. 100-71, title I, July 11, 1987, 101 Stat. 425.)

CODIFICATION

Section is based on the words “to hereafter incur expenses authorized by the Act of December 13, 1973 (87 Stat. 704)” appearing under heading “Architect of the Capitol” and subheading “Capitol Buildings” contained in H.R. 5203 (see House Report 99-805 as filed in the House on Aug. 15, 1986), as incorporated by reference in section 101(j) of Pub. L. 99-500 and Pub. L. 99-591, as amended by Pub. L. 100-71, to be effective as if enacted into law.

§ 166g. Expenses for flying American flags and providing certification services therefor

On and after November 19, 1995, expenses, based on full cost recovery, for flying American flags and providing certification services therefor shall be advanced or reimbursed upon request of the Architect of the Capitol, and amounts so received shall be deposited into the Treasury.

(Pub. L. 104-53, title I, Nov. 19, 1995, 109 Stat. 528.)

§ 166h. Transfer of funds by Architect of Capitol; approval

During fiscal year 1997 and fiscal years thereafter, amounts appropriated to the Architect of the Capitol (including amounts relating to the Botanic Garden) may be transferred among accounts available to the Architect of the Capitol upon the approval of—

(1) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, in the case of amounts transferred from the appropriation for Capitol buildings and grounds under the heading “HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS”;

(2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, in the case of amounts transferred from the appropriation for Capitol buildings and grounds under the heading “SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS”;

(3) the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives, in the case of amounts transferred from any other appropriation.

(Pub. L. 104-197, title III, §306, Sept. 16, 1996, 110 Stat. 2413.)

§ 166i. Energy conservation and management

The Architect of the Capitol—

(1) shall develop and implement a cost-effective energy conservation strategy for all fa-

cilities currently administered by Congress to achieve a net reduction of 20 percent in energy consumption on the congressional campus compared to fiscal year 1991 consumption levels on a Btu-per-gross-square-foot basis not later than 7 years after October 21, 1998;

(2) shall submit to Congress no later than 10 months after October 21, 1998, a comprehensive energy conservation and management plan which includes life cycle costs methods to determine the cost-effectiveness of proposed energy efficiency projects;

(3) shall submit to the Committee on Appropriations in the Senate and the House of Representatives a request for the amount of appropriations necessary to carry out this section;

(4) shall present to Congress annually a report on congressional energy management and conservation programs which details energy expenditures for each facility, energy management and conservation projects, and future priorities to ensure compliance with the requirements of this section;

(5) shall perform energy surveys of all congressional buildings and update such surveys as needed;

(6) shall use such surveys to determine the cost and payback period of energy and water conservation measures likely to achieve the required energy consumption levels;

(7) shall install energy and water conservation measures that will achieve the requirements through previously determined life cycle cost methods and procedures;

(8) may contract with nongovernmental entities and employ private sector capital to finance energy conservation projects and achieve energy consumption targets;

(9) may develop innovative contracting methods that will attract private sector funding for the installation of energy-efficient and renewable energy technology to meet the requirements of this section;

(10) may participate in the Department of Energy’s Financing Renewable Energy and Efficiency (FREE Savings) contracts program for Federal Government facilities; and

(11) shall produce information packages and “how-to” guides for each Member and employing authority of the Congress that detail simple, cost-effective methods to save energy and taxpayer dollars.

(Pub. L. 105-275, title III, §310, Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2456.)

§ 167. Lighting, heating, and ventilating House of Representatives

The electrician, together with everything pertaining to the electrical machinery and apparatus, and the ventilation and heating of the House of Representatives, and all laborers and others connected with the lighting, heating, and ventilating thereof, shall be subject exclusively to the orders, and in all respects under the direction, of the Architect of the Capitol, subject to the control of the Speaker; and no removal or appointment shall be made except with his approval. And all engineers and others who are engaged in heating and ventilating the House shall