

EFFECTIVE DATE

For effective date and applicability of section, see section 10001 of Pub. L. 103-355, set out as an Effective Date of 1994 Amendment note under section 251 of this title.

TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SOLICITATIONS FOR PURCHASES OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS IN EXCESS OF SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION THRESHOLD

Authority to issue solicitations for purchases of commercial items in excess of simplified acquisition threshold pursuant to special simplified procedures authorized by subsec. (a) of this section to expire three years after date certain amendments by section 4202 of Pub. L. 104-106 take effect pursuant to section 4401(b) of Pub. L. 104-106, set out as a note under section 251 of this title, see section 4202(e) of Pub. L. 104-106, set out as a note under section 2304 of Title 10, Armed Forces.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 252b, 253 of this title; title 10 sections 2302b, 2304; title 20 section 1018a.

§ 428. Procedures applicable to purchases below micro-purchase threshold**(a) Requirements**

(1) The head of each executive agency shall ensure that procuring activities of that agency, in awarding a contract with a price exceeding the micro-purchase threshold, comply with the requirements of section 637(a) of title 15, section 2323 of title 10, and section 7102 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994.

(2) The authority under part 13.106(a)(1) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 C.F.R. 13.106(a)(1)), as in effect on November 18, 1993, to make purchases without securing competitive quotations does not apply to any purchases with a price exceeding the micro-purchase threshold.

(b) Exclusion for micro-purchases

A purchase by an executive agency with an anticipated value of the micro-purchase threshold or less is not subject to section 644(j) of title 15 and the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a-10c).

(c) Purchases without competitive quotations

A purchase not greater than \$2,500 may be made without obtaining competitive quotations if an employee of an executive agency or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States authorized to do so determines that the price for the purchase is reasonable.

(d) Equitable distribution

Purchases not greater than \$2,500 shall be distributed equitably among qualified suppliers.

(e) Implementation through FAR

This section shall be implemented through the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(f) Micro-purchase threshold defined

For purposes of this section, the micro-purchase threshold is the amount of \$2,500.

(Pub. L. 93-400, §32, as added Pub. L. 103-355, title IV, §4301(a), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3346; amended Pub. L. 104-106, div. D, title XLIII, §§4304(b)(4), (c)(3), 4311, Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 664, 671.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 7102 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994, referred to in subsec. (a)(1), is section 7102

of Pub. L. 103-355, which is set out as a note under section 644 of Title 15, Commerce and Trade.

The Buy American Act, referred to in subsec. (b), is title III of act Mar. 3, 1933, ch. 212, 47 Stat. 1520, as amended, which is classified generally to sections 10a, 10b, and 10c of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 10a of this title and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 104-106, §4311, substituted “an employee of an executive agency or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States authorized to do so” for “the contracting officer”.

Pub. L. 104-106, §4304(b)(4), (c)(3), redesignated subsec. (d) as (c) and struck out heading and text of former subsec. (c). Text read as follows: “For purposes of section 423 of this title, an officer or employee of an executive agency, or a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall not be considered a procurement official if—

“(1) the contracting authority of the officer, employee, or member does not exceed \$2,500; and

“(2) the head of the contracting activity concerned (or a designee of the head of the contracting activity concerned) determines that the duties of the position of that officer, employee, or member are such that it is unlikely that the officer, employee, or member will be required to conduct procurements in a total amount greater than \$20,000 in any 12-month period.”

Subsecs. (d) to (g). Pub. L. 104-106, §4304(c)(3), redesignated subsecs. (e) to (g) as (d) to (f), respectively. Former subsec. (d) redesignated (c).

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1996 AMENDMENT

For effective date and applicability of amendment by Pub. L. 104-106, see section 4401 of Pub. L. 104-106, set out as a note under section 251 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Oct. 13, 1994, and to be implemented in Federal Acquisition Regulation not later than 60 days after Oct. 13, 1994, see section 4301(c) of Pub. L. 103-355, set out as an Effective Date of 1994 Amendment note under section 10a of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 10a of this title.

§ 429. List of laws inapplicable to contracts not greater than simplified acquisition threshold in Federal Acquisition Regulation**(a) List of inapplicable provisions of law**

(1) The Federal Acquisition Regulation shall include a list of provisions of law that are inapplicable to contracts or subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold. A provision of law that is properly included on the list pursuant to paragraph (2) may not be construed as applicable to such contracts or subcontracts (as the case may be) by an executive agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to render inapplicable to contracts and subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold any provision of law that is not included on such list.

(2) A provision of law described in subsection (b) of this section that is enacted after October 13, 1994, shall be included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law required by paragraph (1), unless the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council makes a written determination that it would not be in the best interest of the Federal Government to exempt contracts or subcontracts in amounts not greater than the sim-