

which enacted section 992a of Title 12, Banks and Banking, and amended sections 347, 355, 723, 772, 781, 897, 1016, 1020, 1020a, 1020b, 1020c, 1020d to 1020h, 1061, 1131i, 1138b and 1138d of Title 12, has been substantially repealed. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

The Farm Credit Act of 1933, referred to in text, is act June 16, 1933, ch. 98, 48 Stat. 2, as amended, and was classified principally to subchapter IV (§1131 et seq.) of chapter 7 of Title 12. The Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended, was repealed by section 5.26(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, Pub. L. 92-181, Dec. 10, 1971, 85 Stat. 624. Section 5.26(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 also provided that all references in other legislation to the Acts repealed thereby "shall be deemed to refer to comparable provisions of this Act". For further details, see notes set out under section 2001 of Title 12. For complete classification of the Farm Credit Act of 1933 to the Code prior to such repeal, see Tables.

The Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, referred to in text, is act June 13, 1933, ch. 64, 48 Stat. 128, as amended, now known as the Home Owners' Loan Act, which is classified generally to chapter 12 (§1461 et seq.) of Title 12. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 1461 of Title 12 and Tables.

CODIFICATION

R.S. §3741 derived from act Apr. 21, 1808, ch. 48, §3, 2 Stat. 484.

First sentence of section is based on R.S. §3741, as amended, and second sentence is based on act Jan. 25, 1934, ch. 5, as amended and as applicable to R.S. §3741.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-106 inserted section number in original and substituted "Member" for "member".

1994—Pub. L. 103-355 amended first sentence generally. Prior to amendment, first sentence read as follows: "In every contract or agreement to be made or entered into, or accepted by or on behalf of the United States, there shall be inserted an express condition that no Member or Delegate to Congress shall be admitted to any share or part of such contract or agreement, or to any benefit to arise thereupon."

1937—Act Aug. 26, 1937, inserted provision at end of second sentence beginning with "and shall not apply".

1934—Act June 27, 1934, inserted in second sentence "the Federal Farm Loan Act, the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act, the Farm Credit Act of 1933, and the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933".

Act Jan. 25, 1934, added second sentence providing that this section shall not apply to any contracts or agreements heretofore or hereafter entered into under the Agricultural Adjustment Act.

1877—Act Feb. 27, 1877, inserted "or Delegate to" after "that no Member of" in first sentence.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1996 AMENDMENT

For effective date and applicability of amendment by Pub. L. 104-106, see section 4401 of Pub. L. 104-106, set out as a note under section 251 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1994 AMENDMENT

For effective date and applicability of amendment by Pub. L. 103-355, see section 10001 of Pub. L. 103-355, set out as a note under section 251 of this title.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in title 7 sections 1386, 1514; title 8 section 1363a; title 10 section 2343; title 15 section 714; title 19 section 2081; title 22 sections 1472, 2676; title 26 section 7608; title 33 section 702m.

§ 23. Orders or contracts for material placed with Government-owned establishments deemed obligations

All orders or contracts for work or material or for the manufacture of material pertaining to

approved projects heretofore or hereafter placed with Government-owned establishments shall be considered as obligations in the same manner as provided for similar orders or contracts placed with commercial manufacturers or private contractors, and the appropriations shall remain available for the payment of the obligations so created as in the case of contracts or orders with commercial manufacturers or private contractors.

(June 5, 1920, ch. 240, 41 Stat. 975; July 1, 1922, ch. 259, 42 Stat. 812; June 2, 1937, ch. 293, 50 Stat. 245.)

CODIFICATION

Section is a composite of acts June 5, 1920, ch. 240, and July 1, 1922, ch. 259. The words "for work or material" after "All orders or contracts", "or contracts" after "similar orders", and "or private contractors" after "commercial manufacturers" in two places are based on act July 1, 1922.

AMENDMENTS

1937—Act June 2, 1937, continued this section in effect.

§ 24. Contracts for transportation of moneys, bullion, coin, and securities

Whenever it is practicable contracts for the transportation of moneys, bullion, coin, notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, and paper shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder therefor, after notice to all parties having means of transportation.

(July 7, 1884, ch. 332, 23 Stat. 204.)

CODIFICATION

Section is from Sundry Civil Appropriation Act July 7, 1884, fiscal year 1885.

§ 24a. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section, acts June 16, 1933, ch. 101, §5, 48 Stat. 305; Apr. 24, 1935, ch. 78, 49 Stat. 161; Aug. 29, 1935, ch. 816, 49 Stat. 991, provided for cancellation on or before March 31, 1936, of contracts for transportation entered into prior to June 16, 1933.

§ 25. Repealed. Feb. 19, 1948, ch. 65, § 11(a), 62 Stat. 25

Section, R.S. §3729, related to contracts for bunting. See section 2301 et seq. of Title 10, Armed Forces.

§ 26. Repealed. June 30, 1949, ch. 288, title VI, § 602(a)(26), formerly title V, § 502(a)(26), 63 Stat. 401; renumbered Sept. 5, 1950, ch. 849, § 6(a), (b), 64 Stat. 583

Section, acts Mar. 4, 1915, ch. 147, §5, 38 Stat. 1161; May 29, 1928, ch. 901, §1(5), 45 Stat. 986, related to exchange of typewriters and adding machines in part payment for new machines.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective July 1, 1949, see section 605 of act June 30, 1949.

§ 27. Repealed. Oct. 31, 1951, ch. 654, § 1(109), 65 Stat. 705

Section, act June 5, 1920, ch. 235, §7, 41 Stat. 947, related to disposition of typewriting machines by Government departments and establishments.

§§ 28 to 34. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section 28, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §1, 48 Stat. 974, related to adjustment and settlement of claims by persons who entered into contracts with the United States prior to Aug. 10, 1933 and claim loss due to compliance with codes of fair competition.

Section 29, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §2, 48 Stat. 975, related to amount allowed for settlement.

Section 30, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §3, 48 Stat. 975, related to limitation on the amount of profits.

Section 31, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §4, 48 Stat. 975, related to time for presentation of claims.

Section 32, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §5, 48 Stat. 975, authorized appropriations for settlement of claims.

Section 33, act June 16, 1934, ch. 553, §6, 48 Stat. 975, related to procedure for settlement of claims and reservation of right to prosecute for fraud and criminal conduct.

Section 34, act Aug. 29, 1935, ch. 815, 49 Stat. 990, provided that bids made subject to codes of fair competition prior to Aug. 29, 1935 should not be rejected where bidder agreed to be subject to Acts of Congress requiring observance of minimum wages, maximum hours, or limitations as to age of employees in performance of contracts, with Federal agencies.

§ 35. Contracts for materials, etc., exceeding \$10,000; representations and stipulations

In any contract made and entered into by any executive department, independent establishment, or other agency or instrumentality of the United States, or by the District of Columbia, or by any corporation all the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States (all the foregoing being hereinafter designated as agencies of the United States), for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, and equipment in any amount exceeding \$10,000, there shall be included the following representations and stipulations:

(a) That all persons employed by the contractor in the manufacture or furnishing of the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment used in the performance of the contract will be paid, without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, not less than the minimum wages as determined by the Secretary of Labor to be the prevailing minimum wages for persons employed on similar work or in the particular or similar industries or groups of industries currently operating in the locality in which the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment are to be manufactured or furnished under said contract;

(b) That no person employed by the contractor in the manufacture or furnishing of the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment used in the performance of the contract shall be permitted to work in excess of forty hours in any one week: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any employer who shall have entered into an agreement with his employees pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of section 207 of title 29;

(c) That no male person under sixteen years of age and no female person under eighteen years of age and no convict labor will be employed by the contractor in the manufacture or production or furnishing of any of the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment included in such contract, except that this section, or any other law or Ex-

ecutive order containing similar prohibitions against purchase of goods by the Federal Government, shall not apply to convict labor which satisfies the conditions of section 1761(c) of title 18; and

(d) That no part of such contract will be performed nor will any of the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment to be manufactured or furnished under said contract be manufactured or fabricated in any plants, factories, buildings, or surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health and safety of employees engaged in the performance of said contract. Compliance with the safety, sanitary, and factory inspection laws of the State in which the work or part thereof is to be performed shall be prima-facie evidence of compliance with this subsection.

(June 30, 1936, ch. 881, §1, 49 Stat. 2036; May 13, 1942, ch. 306, 56 Stat. 277; Pub. L. 90-351, title I, §819(b), formerly §827(b), as added Pub. L. 96-157, §2, Dec. 27, 1979, 93 Stat. 1215; renumbered Pub. L. 98-473, title II, §609B(f), Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 2093; Pub. L. 99-145, title XII, §1241(b), Nov. 8, 1985, 99 Stat. 734; Pub. L. 103-355, title VII, §7201(1), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3378.)

AMENDMENTS

1994—Subsecs. (a) to (e). Pub. L. 103-355 redesignated subsecs. (b) to (e) as (a) to (d), respectively, and struck out former subsec. (a) which read as follows: "That the contractor is the manufacturer of or a regular dealer in the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment to be manufactured or used in the performance of the contract;"

1985—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 99-145 struck out "eight hours in any one day or in excess of" before "forty hours".

1979—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 90-351, §827(b), as added by Pub. L. 96-157, inserted provisions relating to convict labor which satisfies the conditions of section 1761(c) of title 18.

1942—Subsec. (c). Act May 13, 1942, inserted proviso.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1994 AMENDMENT

For effective date and applicability of amendment by Pub. L. 103-355, see section 10001 of Pub. L. 103-355, set out as a note under section 251 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1985 AMENDMENT

Section 1241(c) of Pub. L. 99-145 provided that: "The amendments made by this section [amending this section and section 328 of former Title 40, Public Buildings, Property, and Works] shall take effect on January 1, 1986."

SHORT TITLE

Section 14, formerly section 12, of act June 30, 1936, as added by Pub. L. 103-355, title X, §10005(f)(5), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3409, and renumbered by Pub. L. 104-106, div. D, title XLIII, §4321(f)(1)(B), Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 675, provided that: "This Act [enacting this section and sections 36 to 45 of this title] may be cited as the 'Walsh-Healey Act'."

EXEMPTIONS TO FEDERAL RESTRICTIONS ON MARKETABILITY OF PRISON MADE GOODS

Provisions of this section creating exemptions to Federal regulations on marketability of prison made goods are not applicable unless representatives of local union central bodies or similar labor union organizations have been consulted prior to the initiation of any project qualifying of any exemption created by this section and such paid inmate employment will not result in the displacement of employed workers, or be ap-