

(4) Process

Process in a case under this subsection may be served in the judicial district in which the person resides or carries on business or wherever the person may be found.

(Pub. L. 104-127, title V, § 579, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1083.)

§ 7489. Relation to other programs

Nothing in this subchapter preempts or supercedes any other program relating to popcorn promotion organized and operated under the laws of the United States or any State.

(Pub. L. 104-127, title V, § 580, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1083.)

§ 7490. Regulations

The Secretary may issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this subchapter.

(Pub. L. 104-127, title V, § 581, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1083.)

§ 7491. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subchapter. Amounts made available under this section or otherwise made available to the Department, and amounts made available under any other marketing or promotion order, may not be used to pay any administrative expense of the Board.

(Pub. L. 104-127, title V, § 582, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1083.)

CHAPTER 102—EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE

Sec.	
7501.	Definitions.
7502.	Availability of CCC commodities.
	(a) In general.
	(b) Repealed.
	(c) Additional commodities.
	(d) Varieties of commodities.
	(e) Report to Congress.
	(f) Relation to other programs.
	(g) Donations to emergency feeding organizations.
7503.	State plan.
	(a) In general.
	(b) Requirements.
	(c) State advisory board.
7504.	Initial processing costs.
7505.	Federal and State responsibilities.
	(a) Federal responsibility; optional State priority.
	(b) Distribution by State agencies; priority; rural areas.
	(c) Distribution to needy persons.
	(d) Cooperative agreements with adjoining States.
7506.	Assurances; anticipated use.
7507.	State and local supplementation of commodities.
	(a) Authorization.
	(b) Use of funds and facilities.
	(c) Volunteer workers.
7508.	Authorization and appropriations.
7509.	Relationship to other programs.
7510.	Commodities not income.
7511.	Prohibition against certain State charges.
7512.	Regulations.

Sec.

	(a) Issuance.
	(b) Minimization of regulatory requirements.
	(c) Publication in Federal Register.
	(d) Standards of liability for commodity losses.
	(e) Final regulations.
7513.	Finality of determinations.
7514.	Incorporation of additional commodities.
	(a) In general.
	(b) Supplement commodities available.
7515.	Allotment and delivery of commodities.
	(a) Mandatory allotments.
	(b) Reallocation.
	(c) Administration.
	(d) Maintenance of effort.
7516.	Settlement and adjustment of claims.
	(a) In general.
	(b) Litigation.

CODIFICATION

This chapter is comprised principally of title II (§§ 201-215) of Pub. L. 98-8, Mar. 24, 1983, 97 Stat. 35, as amended. Title II of Pub. L. 98-8 was formerly set out as a note under section 612c of this title. Section 203 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, which related to processing agreements, was repealed by Pub. L. 99-198, title XV, § 1567(c), Dec. 23, 1985, 99 Stat. 1592. Section 207 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8 amended section 4(c) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93-86, set out as a note under section 612c of this title. Section 209 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, which related to commodity supplemental food program administrative expenses, was repealed by Pub. L. 99-198, title XV, § 1562(e)(1), Dec. 23, 1985, 99 Stat. 1590. Section 212 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, which provided for termination of title II of Pub. L. 98-8 on Sept. 30, 2002, was repealed by Pub. L. 104-193, title VIII, § 871(e)(4), Aug. 22, 1996, 110 Stat. 2345.

§ 7501. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) Additional commodities

The term “additional commodities” means commodities made available under section 7515 of this title in addition to the commodities made available under sections 7502 and 7507 of this title.

(2) Average monthly number of unemployed persons

The term “average monthly number of unemployed persons” means the average monthly number of unemployed persons in each State during the most recent fiscal year for which information concerning the number of unemployed persons is available, as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

(3) Eligible recipient agency

The term “eligible recipient agency” means a public or nonprofit organization that—

- (A) administers—
 - (i) an emergency feeding organization;
 - (ii) a charitable institution (including a hospital and a retirement home, but excluding a penal institution) to the extent that the institution serves needy persons;
 - (iii) a summer camp for children, or a child nutrition program providing food service;
 - (iv) a nutrition project operating under the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C.

3001 et seq.), including a project that operates a congregate nutrition site and a project that provides home-delivered meals; or

(v) a disaster relief program;

(B) has been designated by the appropriate State agency, or by the Secretary; and

(C) has been approved by the Secretary for participation in the program established under this chapter.

(4) Emergency feeding organization

The term “emergency feeding organization” means a public or nonprofit organization that administers activities and projects (including the activities and projects of a charitable institution, a food bank, a food pantry, a hunger relief center, a soup kitchen, or a similar public or private nonprofit eligible recipient agency) providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons.

(5) Food bank

The term “food bank” means a public or charitable institution that maintains an established operation involving the provision of food or edible commodities, or the products of food or edible commodities, to food pantries, soup kitchens, hunger relief centers, or other food or feeding centers that, as an integral part of their normal activities, provide meals or food to feed needy persons on a regular basis.

(6) Food pantry

The term “food pantry” means a public or private nonprofit organization that distributes food to low-income and unemployed households, including food from sources other than the Department of Agriculture, to relieve situations of emergency and distress.

(7) Poverty line

The term “poverty line” has the meaning provided in section 9902(2) of title 42.

(8) Soup kitchen

The term “soup kitchen” means a public or charitable institution that, as an integral part of the normal activities of the institution, maintains an established feeding operation to provide food to needy homeless persons on a regular basis.

(9) Total value of additional commodities

The term “total value of additional commodities” means the actual cost of all additional commodities that are paid by the Secretary (including the distribution and processing costs incurred by the Secretary).

(10) Value of additional commodities allocated to each State

The term “value of additional commodities allocated to each State” means the actual cost of additional commodities allocated to each State that are paid by the Secretary (including the distribution and processing costs incurred by the Secretary).

(Pub. L. 98-8, title II, §201A, as added Pub. L. 98-92, §2(2), Sept. 2, 1983, 97 Stat. 608; amended

Pub. L. 99-198, title XV, §1563, Dec. 23, 1985, 99 Stat. 1590; Pub. L. 104-193, title VIII, §871(a), Aug. 22, 1996, 110 Stat. 2343.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original “this Act”, meaning the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983, title II of Pub. L. 98-8, Mar. 24, 1983, 97 Stat. 35, as amended, which enacted this chapter and amended provisions set out as a note under section 612c of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out below and Tables.

The Older Americans Act of 1965, referred to in par. (3)(A)(iv), is Pub. L. 89-73, July 14, 1965, 79 Stat. 218, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 35 (§3001 et seq.) of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 3001 of Title 42 and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-193 amended section generally, substituting provisions containing an opening provision and pars. (1) to (10) defining “additional commodities”, “average monthly number of unemployed persons”, “eligible recipient agency”, “emergency feeding organization”, “food bank”, “food pantry”, “poverty line”, “soup kitchen”, “total value of additional commodities”, and “value of additional commodities allocated to each state” for an opening provision and pars. (1) to (6) defining “eligible recipient agencies”.

1985—Par. (1). Pub. L. 99-198 inserted before semicolon at end “(including the activities and projects of charitable institutions, food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar public or private nonprofit eligible recipient agencies) hereinafter in this chapter referred to as ‘emergency feeding organizations’”.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section 2 of Pub. L. 98-92 provided in part that the amendments made by that section [enacting this section and sections 7504 to 7506 and 7513 of this title and amending sections 7502, 7508, 7509, and 7512] are effective Oct. 1, 1983.

SHORT TITLE

Section 201 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, as amended by Pub. L. 98-92, §2(1), Sept. 2, 1983, 97 Stat. 608; Pub. L. 101-624, title XVII, §1772(a)(2), Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 3808, provided that: “This title [enacting this chapter and amending provisions set out as a note under section 612c of this title] may be cited as the ‘Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983’, and is hereinafter in this title referred to as ‘this Act’.”

§ 7502. Availability of CCC commodities

(a) In general

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to complement the domestic nutrition programs, make maximum use of the Nation’s agricultural abundance, and expand and improve the domestic distribution of price-supported commodities, commodities acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation that the Secretary of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as the “Secretary”) determines, in his discretion, are in excess of quantities needed to—

(1) carry out other domestic donation programs,

(2) meet other domestic obligations (including quantities needed to carry out a payment-in-kind acreage diversion program),

(3) meet international market development and food aid commitments, and

(4) carry out the farm price and income stabilization purposes of the Agricultural Adjust-